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INDIANAPOLIS, SUNDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 9, 1894-SIXTEEN PAGES.

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Good Lemon weather again, and we are fixed to furnish Lemons by the box or dozen, at low prices. Fresh arrival of Oranges, Califor-

nia Peaches, Plums, etc., at prices so low, everybody can afford to buy.

Remember, the Monarch Grocery Co. is the only place in this city where first-class goods and low prices go together.

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Paricake Flour 2 lb. pkge... 10e 

We lead on Teas and Coffee and can

MONARCH GROCERY CO

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**BIG FOUR** 

THE OFFICIAL ROUTE TO THE National Encampment

At PITTSBURG, Pa.

\$8 ROUND TRIP \$8

From Indianapolis,

And corresponding rates from all points on the BIG FOUR Lines. Tickets will be good going on all trains Sept. 5 to 10; good returning until the 25th. The DE-PARTMENT HEADQUARTERS, G. A. R. AND W. R. C., ACCOMPANIED BY THOMAS, ANDERSON AND DELANEY POSTS, of Indianapolis, and numerous posts from other points in Indiana will leave Indianapolis at 8 p. m. Saturday, Sept. 8, on an ELEGANTLY APPOINTED SPECIAL TRAIN, composed of the finest WAGNER SLEEPERS, RECLINING CHAIR CARS and LUXURIOUS DAY COACHES, as an escort to COL. I. N. WALKER, the favorite candidate of Indiana for the position of Commander-inchief. The SPECIAL TRAIN will run through without change or delay and will reach Pittsburg at 9 a. m. Sunday. Regular trains leave Indianapolis at 3:15 p. m., daily, reaching Pittsburg at 6:35 the next morning. To accommodate those who cannot leave on the headquarters train a SPECIAL THROUGH RECLINING CHAIR CAR, every seat of which is equal to a sofa, will be attached to the 3:15 p. m. SOUTHWESTERN LIMITED, SUNDAY, SEPT. 9, and run through to Pittsburg without change or delay, reaching there at 6:35 a. m. Monday.

Returning tickets will be good via Cleveland, giving passengers an opportunity to see the Garffeld and soldiers' monuments Returning tickets will be good via Cleve-land, giving passengers an opportunity to see the Garffeld and soldiers' monuments at that place, also to take advantage of cheap side trips to Detroit, Put-in Bay, Niagara Falls and many other points. Call early at the Big Four offices, 1 E. Washington street, 36 Jackson place and Union Station and secure sleeping car and chair car accommodations on the depart-ment headquarters train. ment headquarters train. H. M. BRONSON, A. G. P. A.

The C., H. & D. R. R. Will sell tickets to Pittsburg, Pa., account of G. A. R. Encampment and Naval Veterans' Association Reunion, at \$8 for the round trip. Tickets on sale Sept. 5 to 10, inclusive. Special train will leave Union Station Sunday, Sept 9, at 3:30 p. m., and will rua through solid. The Naval Veterans' Association of Indiana, John F. Ruckle Post, Joseph R. Gordon, Geo. H. Chapman, Phil H. Sheridan and Alvin P. Hovey Posts, have contracted to go via C., H. & D. and P. & O. R. R. For further information call at Ticket Office, No. 2 West Washington st., "Old Bee-Hive Cornr."

I. D. BALDWIN, D. P. A.

MONON ROUTE (Louisville, New Albany & Chicago E Co.)

The Vestibule Pullman Car Line

LEAVE INDIANAPOLIS. be taken at 8:30 p. m. daily.

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Ticket Office, corner Washington and Meridian streets, Union Station and Massa-I. D. BALDWIN, D. P. A.

PENNSYLVANIA SHORT LINE

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National Encampment G. A. R., At PITTSBURG, PA

THE ONLY LINE Running through coaches, sleeping and dining cars, daily, between Indianapolis and Pittsburg in both directions.

Tickets sold Sept. 5 to 10; good returning until Sept. 25, 1894. For details, call at ticket office, 48 West Washington street, 46 Jackson place and Union Station, or address W. F. BRUNNER, D. P. A., Indianapolis.

FAIRVIEW PARK

Now Open for the Season

The park has been considerably improved and meals are now served to order at the pavilion. Carriage parties may enter the park at the east gate from illinois street, hitching posts having been provided institution. led just inside the gate.

THE LATEST AND BEST COOK-L ing utensils are in Granite Ware or Blue and White Enameled Ware.

LILLY & STALNAKER, 64 East Washington Street.

# SATURDAY

Cut big holes in our combination outfit and specials at \$3.98 and \$4.88 in Boys' all-Wool School Suits.

But we are still prepared to furnish desirable patterns and good fall weights at the above prices. Also, odd Knee Pants at the following cut prices: \$1 pants at 67c; \$2 pants at \$1.25; \$1.50 at 87c, and 75c pants at 48c.

LF YOU WATCH OUR ADVERTISEMENTS IN THE Journal this week, you will find some rare bargains in Upholstered Furniture. Keep your eye on the first column of the eighth page, for the news from Maxinkuckee Co. We have a number of odd pieces out of Parlor Suites, a few ordinary and Trunk Couches, several Maxinkuckee Sofa Beds, about a dozen Leather Chairs and Rockers—all must go at some price. It will be a big ad for us, and money in your pocket, if your purchase from us. Remember, every day is Bargain Day.

## THE MAXINKUCKEE COMPAN

Manufacturing Upholsterers, 65 SOUTH ILLINOIS STREET

## SCHOOL SUPPLY BARGAINS

Bargains In School Books School Supplies at the Bargain Book Store

A Covered Slate, 5c. A Double Slate, 10c.

A Plain Slate, 3c. A Fancy Colored Slate, 5c.

A 10c Pencil Box for 7c. A 5c Pencil Box for 4c. Slate Sponges, 1c. 12-inch Rulers for nothing. Pencil Sharpeners, 1c. School Dividers, 10c. Large Ink Tablets, 5c.

Rubber Tipped Lead Pencils, 10 per dozen. Cedar Lead Pencils, good, 5c per dozen.

Don't go to junk shops where you cannot get everything you want. I handle School Books and High School Books. This is the place for them.

### A. ALLISON **JOHN**

54 N. Pennsylvania St.

FAIR SOUNDING WORDS.

Citizens of Memphis Denounce the Killing of Six Negroes.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Sept. 8.-At a mass meeting of citizens held in the Cotton Exchange, last night, called for the purpose of denouncing the recent lynching of the six negroes near Millington, Tenn., the following resolutions were adopted:

"We, the citizens of Memphis and Shelby county, have learned with shame and horror of the awful crime perpetrated in this county on the night of the 31st of August, whereby six helpless prisoners were bar-barously murdered. "We denounce said crime as a wicked and inexcusable massacre, and demand that the perpetrators thereof shall be brought to

"We commend the action of Governor Turney in offering a reward of \$5,000 for the arrest and conviction of the murderers. "We resolve to aid and support the officers of the law in every possible manner in apprehending and prosecuting the criminals and to raise a fund by subscription "We believe that a fund should be raised for the benefit of the widows and orphans of the murdered men. "We desire to place on record our emphatic protest against the prevalence of mob law as destructive of society and civ-

"We recognize the worth of the industrious, honest and frugal colored man as a citizen, and we view with sympathy and sadness the humiliation to which he is subjected by the outrages of the mob, and we hereby pledge ourselves to defend him against all such crimes, and demand for him an equal showing before the law."

Yellow Fever at Baltimore. BALTIMORE, Sept. 8 .- Cornellus Watson, second engineer of the British steamer Tyzack, which arrived in port yesterday, with supposed yellow fever aboard, died this morning. This makes the second vic-tim. The other two sick men are doing well and no alarm is felt.

Austrian Bankers Arrested. NEW YORK, Sept. 8.—Julius Siegel and Siegfried Siegel, bankers, of Vienna, were arraigned before United States Commis-sion Alexander to-day on the charge of

forging the names of a number of bankers in Vienna to drafts aggregating 10,000 florins. The total amount of their peculations, however, is said to reach 50,000 florins. The men were arrested last evening on the arrival of the steamship Persia, on which they were passengers. The complaint was sworn out by Vice Consul Otto P. Eberhard, of Austria-Hungary.

IN DEATH VALLEY.

Surveyors Compelled to Use the Big Lizards of the Desert for Food.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 2.-Special agent H. B. Martin, of the United States Land Office, Washington, has returned from Death Valley, after four and one-half months' absence. He went there to do some surveying and for information regarding claims of private citizens to a portion of the country. Mr. Martin and his party examined the country for sixty or seventy miles to the south of Tule canyon. Sandstorms prevailed almost daily and the heat was intense. Part of the time they could get no water, and they had to bring it a long distance on pack horses. "Our main stock of meat was bacon," said Agent Martin. "We could not get a particle that was fresh, so we ate the big lizards of the desert, which the digger Indians eat, and are known as chawaliahs, and they tasted a good deal like frogs. All of our potatoes rotted as soon as we got in the desert, and we had no vegetables of any kind. The only thing that helped us out was canned fruit. The ordeal was so severe that each man lost some fifteen or twenty pounds in weight and all grew weak. Before I would go into it again I think I would resign. It was a trip to try the nerves, and I will never forget it. I never want to traverse that section again."

A. P. A. Victory. YOUNGSTOWN, O., Sept. 8 .- The Board of City Commissioners removed from office of City Commissioners removed from office Chief of Police John F. Cantwell and appointed in his stead William W. McDowell, a policeman. This is the outcome of a row which has been in progress for a year. It is charged that the American Protective Association has been principally instrumental in bringing about the changes. Cantwell is a Catholic. The new chief is an avowed opponent of the Romish Church.

Meeting in Indianapolis.

They Have Chosen Minneapolis in the Belief that That City Can Better Control the Hot Weather Clerk.

THEIR ACTION A SURPRISE

Said to Have Been Influenced by Washington's Temperature.

Col. Heiskell Makes a Vigorous Protest Against Robbing the First Regiment of Indiana of Its Prize.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, Sept. 8.-Indianapolis was defeated this evening in her struggle to have the next session of the Supreme Lodge Knights of Pythias and its accompanying encampment of the Uniform Rank. Minneapolis won the prize. It would be difficult to say whether the Indiana or the Minnesota delegates are the more surprised. The contest was decided to-day as a matter of sentiment, just as it was at Kansas City two years ago. Then the select committee appointed for the selection of the place of meeting unanimously recommended Louisville, but the Supreme Lodge chose Washington as a matter of sentiment. This time the committee made no recommendation. The truth is that up to two days ago Indianapolis had no competitor. All the other cities had withdrawn except Minneapolis, which did not deem it necessary to formally withdraw from a race where there seemed to be only one entry. The only guarantee given by that city was the assurance of its local commercial bodies that if the town was selected the order would be suitably received. There was not the least expectation that they

The secret of Minneapolis's victory lay in the terrible heat of the last four days. Washington in September is a trying spot to those not accustomed to it, but even old residents here have been almost overcome by the moist, oppressive heat of this week. The belief that the weather of Indianapolis might prove as hot and as unbearable is the sole cause why that city was not selected. This feeling arose a day or two ago and nothing that Colonel Heiskell or Mr. Rusie could say was able to wipe out the fixed belief that the weather would be too hot. Hence Minneapolis was chosen because it promises to be cooler. The Supreme Lodge delegates say to-night that Boston or San Francisco would have been as promptly chosen sole-

ly for reasons of temperature. No second vote was taken. When the name of Minneapolis was proposed twothirds of the delegates rose in favor of that city. No speeches were made. The Minneapolis men are silent because they did not really care for the encampment and the Indianapolis men knew that it was useless to urge that city's claim under the circumstances. Moreover, the heat was so overpowering that all the delegates were at fever heat to end the session. All the delegates stoutly deny that the vehement speech of Colonel Heiskell this morning protesting against the withdrawal of the \$500 prize from the First Indiana Regiment har any influence against Indianapolis. The Indiana delegates left for home

At the session to-day the newly-elected officers were installed and the following appointed members of the Supreme tribunal: George F. Seay, Tennessee, five years; John H. Alexander, Virginia, four years; Edward R. Graham, Alabama, three years; Benjamin T. Chase, Maine, two years, and Frank H. Clarke, Wyoming,

The Supreme Temple of Pythian Sisters has changed the name of the order to Rathbone Sisters. This change will be officially promulgated at once by circular by the supreme chief. In this way, it is said, Knights will be free to join their order.

THAT \$500 PRIZE.

Why Indiana Pythians Were Denied What They Won. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 8 .- As indicated in last night's dispatch the executive committee of the Pythian encampment has decided that it will not pay the \$500 prize awarded to the First Battalion, First Regiment of Indiana. The committee claims to have been influenced not by the painful lack of funds, which will make the withdrawal of this prize quite a desirable item, but by the following intensely tech-

"The order for the drill, issued by Major General Carnahan, commander-inchief of the Uniform Rank, Knights of Pythias, was that the prize of \$500 would be given to the best drill by a battalion consisting of not less than four divisions and a full complement of regimental, field and staff officers. The Indiana battalion did not fulfill these requirements of the drill order. They did not drill with a full complement of regimental, field and staff officers. They appeared on the drill ground with only their battalion officers. This is in conformity with the new tactics of the United States army, while the Uniform Rank is still drilling under Upton's tactics, used in the United States army up to a very recent date. On this ground of non-conformity to the order of drill the executive committee, Knights of Pythias, determined that the visiting contents of termined that the visiting organization of their order was not entitled to the prze." Colonel Heiskell, commander of the Indiana battalion, was present at the meeting of the committee and has threatened to bring the matter before the Supreme Lodge, Knights of Pythias, and also before the law courts. Warm language was used, and he was accused by Mr. A. F. Medford, district representative to the Supreme Lodge, and by Mr. Notley Anderson with using unbecoming and unknightly language. Colonel Heiskell responded warmly, but things quieted down. During the committee meeting Major General Carnahan came in, but took very little part in the animated discussion, it being said that he wished to avoid being compelled to render an opnion in the matter.

An Associated Press dispatch says: At the session of the Supreme Lodge of Knights of Pythias to-day the new code of statutes was adopted after a third reading. A protest was made by Colonel Heiskell, of the First Battalion, First Regiment of Indiana, against the decision of the local committee in withholding the battalion prize from that organization because it was the only one to compete, but the Supreme Lodge decided that it had no jurisdiction in the matter. A plan to raise funds for the Pythian University at Gallatin, Tenn., was adopted, and under it a subscription of 25 cents will be requested from each knight.

Maintaining the Family Record. ST. LOUIS, Sept. 8.—James A. Younger, twenty years old, who was brought here by United States Marshal Rogland, of Kentucky, was to-day taken to Kansas

The new code of rules makes the Su-preme Lodge and the Uniform Rank inde-

endent of each other, so it is not certain

hat they will meet at the same place

AFRAID OF THE HEAT

City to answer a charge of rifling the mails. He is a member of the Younger family who, years ago, gained notoriety in Missouri, Texas, Iowa, Minneasota and other States by holding up trains, robbing banks and murdering every one who attempted to interfere with them. The Younger boys, who were the leaders of that gang, are his cousins.

NELLIE GRANT SARTORIS.

Ramor that She Will Soon Wed Adjt. Gen. Douglas, of Maryland.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 8.-There is a well-founded rumor on the street that Mrs. Nellie Grant Sartoris, the pretty widowed daughter of General Grant, and Major H. Kyd Douglas, formerly of Stonewall Jackson's staff, and now Adjutant-general of Maryland, are shortly to be married. What gives credence to the gossip is the fact that Mrs. Sartoris arrived here from Narragansett Pier on Wednesday night and registered at the Arlington, and in less than forty-eight hours afterward Major Douglas put in an appearance and registered at the same place.

The two have been almost as close as turtle doves all summer. They were at turtle doves all summer. They were at the Blue Mountain House in Maryland early in the season; later they were in Massachusetts and at Narragansett Pier together, and now they have come to Washington. Mrs. Sartoris is only accompanied by her maid, and since Major Douglas's arrival he has taken up all her time. They have been driving and dining together, and to-night they were at Albaugh's to see "The Passing Show." Friends of both parties have all along predicted an early engagement, and since the two have become almost inseparable, and rarely apart for even a few days, the gossips have all agreed that the wedding day cannot be far off.

A reporter called to see Mrs. Sartoris tonight twice regarding the engagement, but

night twice regarding the engagement, but she declined to be seen. Major Douglas also declined to discuss the subject, and would neither deny nor affirm the report. That the two are lovers no one denies, and the only thing that seems to raise any question is as to when the wedding will take place. Major Douglas has officiated as groomsman at no less than thirty-four weddings already, and his friends say that the thirty-fifth time he ought to take the principal role. It is a matter of general comment at the remarkable youthfulness displayed by Mrs. Sartoris, who seems to be no older than twenty-five, and her friends say she looks prettier and happier now than they have seen her for years. The curious thing about the prospective wedding is the fact that it will be a typical

union of the North and the South. On one hand will be the daughter of the great Union chieftain, and on the other one of Union chieftain, and on the other one of the bravest and most brilliant soldiers that ever wore the gray. Indeed, the engagement is fully as wonderful as the engagement in which Winnie Davis, the "Daughter of the Confederacy," figured some years ago when she intended to wed Alfred Wilkinson, the grandson of the great abolitionist, Rev. Samuel J. May, of

## CAUSE OF THE FIRES

SERIOUS CHARGES AGAINST MINNE-SOTA "TIMBER PIRATES."

In Covering Up Their Stealings They Are Said to Have Started the Flames on a Mission of Death.

ST. CLOUD, Minn., Sept. 8 .- Are "timber pirates" responsible for the fiery calamity which has befallen the Minnesota pine lands? There are intimations that the State senatorial committee, which has for months been investigating the frauds against the State in the cutting of pine from school lands, will be able to show astonishing evidences not only that the "timber pirates," have appropriated millions of dollars' worth of lumber belonging to the State, but that in trying to cover up their stealings they have started fires, which have resulted in the terrible loss of life and property in Pine, Calabec, Carlton and other counties in the pine belt. Members of the commission have already declared that they have discovered large frauds against the State, and now it is expected that they will probe into the causes of the

The charge is that the lumbermen have fired the lands which they have improp-erly cleared to render measurement of stumps impossible, and thereby shut off any suits which the commision might attempt to bring against them. In one of the chief hotels in St. Cloud a scout employed by the commission to ferret out cases of lumber thieving has declared he had sworn evidences that millions of feet had sworn evidences that millions of feet of lumber had been stolen, and that as soon as it had been cut the lumbermen had instructed their employes to burn the ground over, and to make a good, clean job of it. This is a possible explanation of most of the fires that have swept this region. The lumbermen in cutting timber leave great piles of "toppings" all through the woods, and, besides that, all the smaller trees and underbrush are left untouched. A torch thrust here and there into the piles of "toppings" in such a dry season as this starts a tremendous fire, that burns as this starts a tremendous fire, that burns over the whole half-cleared area and eats stumps from which lumber has cut down to lumps of charcoal, and when the gaugers of the commission come to measure the stumpage on the ravaged school lands they are left with absolutely no basis for calculating the amount of lumber stolen. This is exactly what the crooked lumbermen want, but in starting these fires they have made altogether "too clean a job" of it. The fires have spread over one thousand square miles of country. They have destroyed nobody knows how many hundreds of human lives, and twenty million dollars' worth of property. Whethgrew out of the little ones kindled by "timber pirates," there is loud demand through all the pine country that the manner of cutting timber be severely regulated.

Peck Wants No Outside Aid. MADISON, Wis., Sept. 8. - Governor Peck learned to-day that the Mayor of Superior had made an appeal to acting Mayor McClellan, of New York, for aid to the fire sufferers. Governor Peck thereupon sent the following message to Mr. "I learn that an appeal has been made to you from Wisconsin for aid to fire sufferers. The people of Wisconsin do not ask for aid outside of this State at present.

I will care for all the sufferers in this State. Please do not issue any appeal at Rainy River Fire Victims. ST. PAUL, Sept. 8 .- A Duluth carrier from the Rainey river region brings news that the fires on the Canadian border last week caused the death of several families, nearly twenty-five persons altogether. The mail carriers between Tower and Rainy river had several narrow escapes.

A Merchant Gives \$1,000. NEW YORK, Sept. 8 .- Charles Broadway Rouss, the Broadway dry-goods merchant, to-day sent acting Mayor McClellan a check for \$1,000 for the relief of the sufferers from the Western forest fires. The total amount of the fund is now \$1,806.

THE SIDEWALK FELL,

And a Large Number of Persons, Mostly Women, Were Hnrt.

NASHVILLE, Mich., Sept. 8 .- This afternoon, while the streets were crowded with people waiting to see an exhibition of rope walking, a twenty-foot section of sidewalk in front of a dry-goods store gave way, precipitating thirty-one persons into the area beneath, most of whom were injured. All the victims of the accident were women and children, excepting one man. None was killed, but several were so seriously injured that their lives are despaired of.

The most badly injured were: MRS. ALBERT MIX, both legs broken. MRS. Y. P. CASSELL, skull fractured and internally injured.

MRS. BALL, ribs broken and badly cut. MRS. F. H. SPRAGUE, severely bruised. MRS. WILLIAM SWEEZEY, badly cut and injured internally. MRS. FRANCIS SHOWALTER, injured about head and spine,

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

How It Has Mismanaged State Affairs When Placed in Power.

A Record of Increased Debt, Accompanied by Increased Taxation on a Largely Increased Valuation.

GREAT DUTY OF THE HOUR

It is the Overthrow of the Democracy in the Hoosier State,

And the Destruction of the Gerrymander -Speech of Hon. Charles W. Fairbanks at Evansville.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. EVANSVILLE, Ind., Sept. 8 .- The Repubtican campaign was opened here this evening by Hon. C. W. Fairbanks, of Indianapolis, who spoke for two hours to a large audience. The gentleman was escorted from the hotel to Evans Hall by the Oliver P. Morton Club, about five hundred in line and headed by a band. The audience was largely composed of workingmen, but withal an intelligent one. Marked attention was paid to all that was said, and many passages in the speech were heartily applauded.

Just before he left his hotel for the hall Mr. Fairbanks received a telegram from his wife, announcing the sudden and serious illness of his youngest brother, Harry, at Mansfield, Ill. Ten minutes before he closed his speech another telegram came announcing his brother's death. The message was handed to him just at the close of his remarks. Mr. Fairbanks was visibly affected. He left for Mansfield during the

Mr. Fairbanks's Speech. Mr. Fairbanks was introduced to audience by the Mayor, In prefacing his speech Mr. Fairbanks thanked the Morton Club for its attention, then eulogized the name of Morton and paid a glowing tribute to the city of Evansville. Mr. Fairbanks spoke at length on State and national issues. Regarding State

While the unfortunate management of national affairs makes the overthrow of Democracy imperative, the conduct of the party in the State makes its defeat equally necessary. The creation of a vast debt that has for years sorely distressed the people, the enormous increase of taxes by means of increased valuations, the by means of increased valuations, the maintenance of an obnoxious system of partisan boards, the shameless acts of the Roby Legislature, the re-enactment of the detestable gerrymander, render the overthrow of Democracy in Indiana the duty

Among the misfortunes which the Demo-eratic party has lately inflicted upon the country, not the least grievous was the last Legislature. The dominant element in the General Assembly was guilty of acts of profligacy and perfidy that have no counterpart in the history of legislation in the State. Summoned in the name of economy, expenses were incurred needlessly and recklessly. Unnecessary doorkeepers were employed at large wages and in defiance of all respect for the interests of the people. and for the sole purpose of giving party workers a chance at the treasury of the State. The halls of the Legislature were so overrun with superfluous doorkeepers that was uncertain for weeks whether the Legislature had the doorkeepers or the doorkeepers had the Legislature. The action of the Legislature in this respect was nothing short of a State scandal. The unseemly wrangle between the Gov-ernor and the Legislature over the question as to restoring the appointive power to the Governor is still fresh in the memory of the people. A Democratic Legislature had taken the power from the last Republican Governor, and the Demo-

last Republican Governor, and the Demo-cratic Governor wished the power restored that he might reward his party servants. The contest was long and bitter between the Democratic factions; the money of the people was squandered in the contest, and important and pressing public business was neglected and necessary legislation postponed, while the Governor and the Legislature wrestled for the spoils. The Indianapolis Sentinel, with characteristic Legislature wrestled for the spoils. The Indianapolis Sentinel, with characteristic courage, sought to recall the Democrats to their duty to the people. Referring to the warring factions, it said:

"They snarl, and growl, and threaten, and bluff, all for political advantage, and apparently care not whether they are right or wrong so long as they carry their point. The spectacle is sickening. The people's time is being wasted, important and needed legislation is neglected, and a frightful example of incompetency is being established to rise up and torment the majority sparty when it next goes to the polls."

This picture is true to nature. It neither over nor understates the truth. Regardles of this severe warning, the fight proceeded with unrelenting virulence; the lobby of the Govenor was poured in upon the Legislature, and his opponents were equally aggressive, and the great public business of the State walted while the ravenous factions of Democracy contested the prize. Imposing spectacle, indeed! The "frightful example of incompetency" has awakened the people of the State, and their indignant judgment is near at hand. After wrangling over the offices the

the people of the State which had been gathered into the treasury. The unseemly contest aroused the attention of the people of all parties at the time. DEMOCRATIC TESTIMONY. The best representatives of Democracy condemned it at the time as sharply as it was rebuked by the Republicans. The Sentinel earned the grateful recognition of the people by its sharp condemnation of the methods caployed. All the time it

"We are weary of these hypocrites. We

graphically and truthfully said:

cions. The various factions struggled for

the mastery. Public good, public economy

to vote the bounty of the State upon their respective favorites. The scramble was over the division of the hard earnings of

are weary of the men who make great protestations of economy at country crossroads and then come here to load the Democratic party with the odium of employing unnecessary doorkeepers. We are weary of these pharisees who profess great opposition to increase of salaries, and yet increase the salaries of their friends and reduce those of the objects of their dislike. We are weary of these self-appoint-ed representatives who bear the same relation to the agriculturist that the Colorado potato bug does to agriculture. There is only one way of doing them exact and even-handed justice, and that is to pin them on the wall and let the public view them in their true character."
Would that these words could sink into the good memory of every honest voter in Indiana. They tell the story more truthfully than any words I can utter. They but recall the acknowledged history of the time. Such is the record the Demoeratic party presents for approval to-day; for upon its deeds done it asks retention of power. By its record it must be judged. How long will the indulgent people of the State permit such trifling with their high-est and best interests? Such a record is a travesty upon government; it shocks all sense of economy. Such things are the le-gitimate fruit of the gerrymander. No party which does not feel that its hold upon power is doubly strong would ever dare to so set at defiance the better senti-ment of the people of all parties. The Legislature seemed to be inspired by a purpose to let nothing escape that would increase the power of the party or the rewards of its favorites. It coveted a foot-

hold in Republican cities, and, in disregard of the plainest principles of local self-government, it created metropolitan police boards for cities that neither asked nor desired them. There is not a city in Indiana that is not capable of self-government. There is not one that is not infinitely better governed than was the Legislature which sought to arrest a portion of their power; there is not one that requires the Governor to meddle with its affairs by appointing police boards, and at heavy expense. Let the State keep its hands off, at least until its assistance is asked. External interference is odious; if